(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	Note	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
Assets			
Cash and short-term funds	13	4,489,575	3,616,844
Deposits and placements with banks and other			
financial institutions	14	795,242	639,783
Debt instruments at fair value through other			
comprehensive income ("FVOCI")	15	702,585	-
Investment securities available-for-sale	16	_	550,770
Loans, advances and financing	17	13,415,021	11,496,753
Derivative financial assets	4.0	464,470	554,223
Other assets	18	39,154	195,759
Statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia		50,890	40,700
Plant and equipment		17,634	13,936
Tax recoverable		10.074.571	627
Total assets		19,974,571	17,109,395
Liabilities			
Deposits from customers	19	13,035,790	11,151,646
Deposits and placements of banks and other			
financial institutions	20	3,177,963	2,327,691
Bills and acceptances payable		1,555	9,589
Derivative financial liabilities		414,269	538,844
Other liabilities	21	335,678	197,901
Tax payable		796	-
Deferred tax liabilities		34,570	26,531
Total liabilities		17,000,621	14,252,202
Equity			
Share capital		2,452,605	2,452,605
Reserves		521,345	404,588
Total equity attributable to owners of the		021,6 .6	
Bank		2,973,950	2,857,193
Total liabilities and equity		19,974,571	17,109,395
Commitments and contingencies	34	27,858,967	26,928,827

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		2nd Quar	ter Ended	Half Ye	ar Ended
	Note	30	30	30	30
		September	September	September	September
		2018	2017	2018	2017
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income	22	167,172	105,562	314,138	214,358
Interest expense	23	(104,528)	(54,206)	(192,915)	(115,914)
Net interest income		62,644	51,356	121,223	98,444
Other operating income	24	26,181	42,774	52,970	58,094
Net operating income		88,825	94,130	174,193	156,538
Other operating expenses	25	(28,465)	(33,092)	(57,525)	(59,368)
Operating profit		60,360	61,038	116,668	97,170
Allowance for expected	26		- ,	- ,	,
credit losses		(11,265)	_	(4,194)	_
Allowance for		(11,200)		(1,221)	
impairment on loans,					
advances and financing	27	_	4,506	_	3,698
Profit before taxation		49,095	65,544	112,474	100,868
Tax expense		(12,026)	(14,971)	(27,631)	(23,780)
Profit after taxation		37,069	50,573	84,843	77,088
Other comprehensive		27,009	20,272	0 1,0 10	77,000
income for the period,					
net of income tax					
Fair value changes of					
debt instruments in					
FVOCI		828		2,026	
Fair value changes of		020	_	2,020	_
investment securities					
available-for-sale		_	(370)	_	123
Total comprehensive			(370)		
income for the period		37,897	50,266	86,869	77,211
medic for the period		31,071	50,200	00,007	.,,211
Basic earnings per					
ordinary share (sen)		1.53	2.45	3.50	4.13

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UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

Distributable

Available- Share Statutory Regulatory for-sale FVOCI Retained Capital reserve reserve reserve earnings Tota RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000
Balance as at 31 March 2018 2,452,605 - 75,142 814 - 328,632 2,857,19
Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial
instruments 47,399 (814) 960 (17,656) 29,88
At 1 April 2018
Profit for the period 84,843 84,84
Fair value changes of available-for-sale
financial assets 2,025 - 2,02
Total comprehensive income for the period 2,025 84,843 86,86
Transfer to regulatory reserve 14,996 (14,996)
At 30 September 2018 2,452,605 - 137,537 - 2,985 380,823 2,973,95
At 1 April 2017 1,575,000 126,963 55,349 1,590 - 67,150 1,826,05
Issuance of shares <u>877,605</u> <u> 977,605</u> - <u>- 877,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u>- 877,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u> 977,605</u> - <u></u>
Loss for the period 77,088 77,08
Fair value changes of available-for-sale
financial assets 123 - 12
Total comprehensive income for the period 123 - 77,088 77,21
Transfer to regulatory reserve 6,614 (6,614)
At 30 September 2017 2,452,605 126,963 61,963 1,713 - 137,624 2,780,86

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	30 September 2018 RM'000	30 September 2017 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit from ordinary activities before taxation Adjustments for non-cash items Operating profit before working capital changes	112,474 46,893 159,367	100,868 (1,322) 99,546
Changes in working capital: Net changes in operating assets Net changes in operating liabilities Net cash used in from operating activities Tax paid Net cash used in from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash generated from financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the financial period	(1,966,329) 2,864,159 1,057,197 (28,200) 1,028,997 (155,874) - 873,123	(110,266) (2,835,707) (2,846,427) (9,139) (2,855,566) 47,717 877,605
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial period Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial period	3,616,844 4,489,967	<u>4,704,896</u> <u>2,774,652</u>
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions Money at call and deposit placements maturing within one month	74,374 4,415,593 4,489,967	79,103 2,695,549 2,774,652

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1. Basis of Preparation

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018 have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRS") 134: Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB").

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements of the Bank as at and for the financial year ended 31 March 2018. The explanatory notes attached to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements provide an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Bank since the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

The accounting policies and methods of computation in the unaudited condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the most recent audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, except for the adoption of the following MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs and Issues Committee ("IC") Interpretations that have been issued by the MASB:-

- MFRS 9, Financial Instruments (2014)
- MFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- Clarifications to MFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- IC Interpretation 22, Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
- Amendments to MFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 2, Share-based Payment Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
- Amendments to MFRS 4, Insurance Contracts Applying MFRS 9 Financial Instruments with MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts
- Amendments to MFRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 140, Investment Property Transfers of Investment Property

MFRS 9 replaces the guidance in MFRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement on the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, and on hedge accounting. The accounting policy and the impact of MFRS are disclosed under Note 2 and 4.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1. Basis of Preparation (Continued)

The following MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs and IC Interpretations have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"). However, its effective dates applicable to the Bank are as follows:-

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

- MFRS 16. Leases
- IC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
- Amendments to MFRS 3, Business Combinations (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 9, Financial Instruments Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
- Amendments to MFRS 11, Joint Arrangements (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 112, *Income Taxes* (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 119, Employee Benefits Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
- Amendments to MFRS 123, Borrowing Costs (Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Longterm Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

• MFRS 17. *Insurance Contracts*

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date yet to be confirmed

• Amendments to MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes

Following the Bank's adoption of MFRS 9 on 1 April 2018, the following accounting policies changes were made.

Summary of accounting policy changes

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

The Bank classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- Amortised Cost;
- Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI); and
- Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL).

Financial liabilities are classified as either:-

- Amortised Cost; or
- Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss.

Management determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition of the instruments or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

Financial assets held at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt instruments held at amortised cost or held at FVOCI have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI" characteristics). Principal is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition but this may change over the life of the instrument as amounts are repaid. Interest consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cashflows have SPPI characteristics, the Bank considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains contractual terms that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

Whether financial assets are held at amortised cost or at FVOCI depend on the objectives of the business models under which the assets are held. A business model refers to how the Bank manages financial assets to generate cash flows.

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Financial assets held at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

The Bank makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at the individual product business line, and where applicable within business lines depending on the way the business is managed and information is provided to management.

Financial assets which have SPPI characteristics and that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows ("hold to collect") are recorded at amortised cost. Conversely, financial assets which have SPPI characteristics but are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets ("hold to collect and sell") are classified as held at FVOCI.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets which are not held at amortised cost or that are not held at fair value through other comprehensive income are held at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are either mandatorily classified at fair value through profit or loss or irrevocably designated at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition.

Mandatorily classified at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities which are mandatorily held at fair value through profit or loss include:

- Financial assets and liabilities held for trading, which are those acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term;
- hybrid financial assets that contain one or more embedded derivatives;
- financial assets that would otherwise be measured at amortised cost or FVOCI but which do not have SPPI characteristics;
- equity instruments that have not been designated as held at FVOCI; and
- financial liabilities that constitute contingent consideration in a business combination.

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities may be designated at fair value through profit or loss when the designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition in consistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities on a different basis ("accounting mismatch").

Interest rate swaps have been acquired with the intention of significantly reducing interest rate risk on certain loans and advances and debt securities with fixed rates of interest. To significantly reduce the accounting mismatch between assets and liabilities and measurement bases, these loans and advances and debt securities have been designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities may also be designated at fair value through profit or loss where they are managed on a fair value basis or have a bifurcately embedded derivative where the Bank is not able to separately value the embedded derivative component.

Financial liabilities held at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not financial guarantees or loan commitments and that are not classified as financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities held at amortised cost.

Financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments

The Bank issues financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments in return for fees. Under a financial guarantee contract, the Bank undertakes to meet a customer's obligations under the terms of a debt instrument if the customer fails to do so. Loan commitments are firm commitments to provide credit under prespecified terms and conditions. Financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments issued at below market interest rates are initially recognised as liabilities at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the expected credit loss provision, and the amount initially recognised less the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of MFRS15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market to which the Bank has access at that date. The fair value of a liability includes the risk that the Bank will not be able to honour its obligations.

The fair value of financial instruments is generally measured on the basis of the individual financial instrument. However, when a group of financial assets and financial liabilities is managed on the basis of its net exposure to either market risk or credit risk, the fair value of the Bank of financial instruments is measured on a net basis.

The fair values of quoted financial assets and liabilities in active markets are based on current prices. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If the market for a financial instrument, and for unlisted securities, is not active, the Bank establishes fair value by using valuation techniques.

Initial recognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, and debt securities classified as financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income are initially recognised on the trade date (the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the asset). Loans and advances and other financial assets held at amortised cost are recognised on settlement date (the date on which cash is advanced to the borrowers).

All financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price, plus directly attributable transaction costs for financial assets which are not subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Initial recognition (continued)

In certain circumstances, the initial fair value may be based on a valuation technique which may lead to the recognition of profits or losses at the time of initial recognition. However, these profits or losses can only be recognised when the valuation technique use disbased solely on observable market data. In those cases where the initially recognised fair value is based on a valuation model that uses unobservable inputs, the difference between the transaction price and the valuation model is not recognised immediately in profit or loss but is amortised or released to profit or loss as the inputs become observable, or the transaction matures or is terminated.

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets and financial liabilities held at amortised cost

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at amortised cost are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Where a financial instrument carried at amortised cost is the hedged item in a qualifying fair value hedge relationship, its carrying value is adjusted by the fair value gain or loss attributable to the hedged risk.

ii) Financial assets held at FVOCI

Debt instruments held at FVOCI are subsequently carried at fair value, with all unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value (including any related foreign exchange gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. Foreign exchange gains and losses on the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss. Changes in expected credit losses are recognised in profit or loss and are accumulated in a separate component of equity. On derecognition, the cumulative fair value gains or losses, net of the cumulative expected credit loss reserve, are transferred to profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

iii) Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities mandatorily held at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recorded in the net trading income line in profit or loss unless the instrument is part of a cash flow hedging relationship. Contractual interest income on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss is recognised as interest income in a separate line in profit or loss.

iv) Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are held at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in the net trading income line in profit or loss, other than that attributable to changes in credit risk. Fair value changes attributable to credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income and recorded in a separate category of reserves unless this is expected to create or enlarge an accounting mismatch, in which case the entire change in fair value of the financial liability designated fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reclassifications

Financial liabilities are not reclassified subsequent to initial recognition.

Reclassifications of financial assets are made when, and only when, the business model for those assets changes. Such changes are expected to be infrequent and arise as a result of significant external or internal changes such as the termination of a line of business or the purchase of a subsidiary whose business model is to realise the value of pre-existing held for trading financial assets through a hold to collect model.

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Reclassifications (continued)

Financial assets are reclassified at their fair value on the date of reclassification and previously recognised gains and losses are not restated. Moreover, reclassifications of financial assets between financial assets held at amortised cost and financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income do not affect effective interest rate or expected credit loss computations.

i) Reclassified from amortised cost

Where financial assets held at amortised cost are reclassified to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, the difference between the fair value of the assets at the date of reclassification and the previously recognised amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets held at amortised cost that are reclassified to fair value through other comprehensive income, the difference between the fair value of the assets at the date of reclassification and the previously recognised gross carrying value is recognised in other comprehensive income. Additionally, the related cumulative expected credit loss amounts relating to the classified financial assets are reclassified from loan loss provisions to a separate reserve in other comprehensive income at the date of reclassification.

ii) Reclassified from fair value through other comprehensive income

Where financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income are reclassified to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss.

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes (continued)

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Reclassifications (continued)

ii) Reclassified from fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

For financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income that are reclassified to financial assets held at amortised cost, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is adjusted against the fair value of the financial asset such that the financial asset is recorded at a value as if it had always held at amortised cost. In addition, the related cumulative expected credit losses held within other comprehensive income are reversed against the gross carrying value of the reclassified assets at the date of reclassification.

iii) Reclassified from fair value through profit or loss

Where financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss are reclassified to financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial assets held at amortised cost, the fair value at the date of reclassification is used to determine the effective interest rate on the financial asset going forward. In addition, the date of reclassification is used as the date of initial recognition for the calculation of expected credit losses. Where financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss are reclassified to financial assets held at amortised cost, the fair value at the date of reclassification becomes the gross carrying value of the financial asset.

Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cashflows from the financial assets have expired or where the Bank has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. If substantially all the risks and rewards have been neither retained nor transferred and the Bank has retained control, the assets continue to be recognised to the extent of the Bank's continuing involvement.

Where financial assets have been modified, the modified terms are assessed on a qualitative and quantitative basis to determine whether a fundamental change in the nature of the instrument has occurred , such as whether the derecognition of the pre-existing instrument and the recognition of a new instrument is appropriate.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

(b) Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit losses ("ECL") are determined for all financial debt instruments that are classified at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, undrawn commitments and financial guarantees.

An expected credit loss represents the present value of expected cash shortfalls over the residual term of a financial asset, undrawn commitment or financial guarantee.

A cash shortfall is the difference between the cashflows that are due in accordance with the contractual terms of the instrument and the cash flows that the Bank expects to receive over the contractual life of the instrument.

Measurement

For material portfolios, the estimate of expected cash shortfalls is determined by multiplying the probability of default ("PD") with the loss given default ("LGD") with the expected exposure at the time of default ("EAD"). There may be multiple default events over the life time of an instrument.

Forward looking economic assumptions are incorporated into the PD, LGD and EAD where relevant and where they influence credit risk, such as GDP growth rates, KLCI and 5 years Government Bond yield. These assumptions are incorporated using the Bank's most likely forecast for a range of macroeconomic assumptions. These forecasts are determined using all reasonable and supportable information, which includes those available externally.

To account for the potential non-linearity in credit losses, multiple forward looking scenarios are incorporated into the range of reasonably possible outcomes for all material portfolios. For example, where there is aggregate risk of downside credit losses than upside gains, multiple forward looking economic scenarios are incorporated into the range of reasonably possible outcomes, both in respect of determining the PD (and where relevant, the LGD and EAD)and in determining the overall expected credit loss amounts.

The period over which cash short falls are determined is generally limited to the maximum contractual period for which the Bank is exposed to credit risk.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

(b) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement (continued)

For credit-impaired financial instruments, the estimate of cash shortfalls may require the use of expert credit judgement. As a practical expedient, the Bank may also measure credit impairment on the basis of an instrument' fair value using an observable market price.

Cashflows from unfunded credit enhancements held are included within the measurement of expected credit losses if they are part of, or integral to the contractual terms of the instrument (this includes financial guarantees, unfunded risk participations and other non-derivative credit insurance). Although non-integral credit enhancements do not impact the measurement of expected credit losses, a reimbursement asset is recognised to the extent of the expected credit losses recorded.

Recognition

i) 12 months expected credit losses (Stage 1)

Expected credit losses are recognised at the time of initial recognition of a financial instrument and represent the life time cash shortfalls arising from possible default events up to 12 months into the future from the balance sheet date. Expected credit losses continue to be determined on this basis until there is either a significant increase in the credit risk of an instrument or the instrument becomes creditimpaired. If an instrument is no longer considered to exhibit a significant increase in credit risk, expected credit losses will revert to being determined on a 12-month basis.

ii) Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)

If a financial asset experiences a significant increase in credit risk ("SICR") since initial recognition, an expected credit loss provision is recognised for default events that may occur over the lifetime of the asset.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

(b) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Recognition (continued)

ii) Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2) (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk is assessed by comparing the risk of default of an exposure at the reporting date to the risk of default at origination (after taking into account the passage of time). Significant does not mean statistically significant nor is it assessed in the context of changes in ECL. Whether a change in the risk of default is significant or not is assessed using a number of quantitative and qualitative factors, the weight of which depends on the type of product and counterparty. Financial assets that are 30 or more days past due and not credit-impaired will always be considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk.

Quantitative factors include an assessment of whether there has been significant increase in the forward-looking probability of default ("PD") since origination. A forward-looking PD is one that is adjusted for future economic conditions to the extent these are correlated to changes in credit risk. We compare the residual life time PD at the balance sheet date to the residual life time PD that was expected at the time of origination for the same point in the term structure and determine whether both the absolute and relative change between the two exceeds predetermined thresholds. To the extent that the differences between the measures of default outlined exceed the defined thresholds, the instrument is considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative factors assessed include those linked to current credit risk management processes, such as lending placed on "watchlist" (and subject to closer monitoring).

A "watchlist" account is one which exhibits risk or potential weaknesses of a material nature requiring closer monitoring, supervision, or attention by management. Weaknesses in such a borrower's account, if left uncorrected, could result in deterioration of repayment prospects and the likelihood of being downgraded. Indicators could include a rapid erosion of position within the industry, concerns over management's ability to manage operations, weak/deteriorating operating results, liquidity strain and overdue balances amongst other factors.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policy changes

Summary of accounting policy changes (continued)

(b) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Recognition (continued)

iii)Credit impaired (or defaulted) exposures (Stage 3)

Financial assets that are credit impaired (or in default) represent those that are at least 90days past due in respect of principal and/or interest. Financial assets are also considered to be credit impaired where the obligors are unlikely to pay on the occurrence of one or more observable events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. It may not be possible to identify a single discrete event but instead the combined effect of several events may cause financial assets to become credit impaired.

Irrevocable lending commitments to a credit impaired obligor that have not yet been drawndown are also included within the Stage 3 credit impairment provision to the extent that the commitment cannot be withdrawn.

Loss provisions against credit impaired financial assets are determined based on an assessment of the recoverable cashflows under a range of scenarios, including the realisation of any collateral held where appropriate. The loss provisions held represent the difference between the present value of the cashflows expected to be recovered, discounted at the instrument's original effective interest rate, and the gross carrying value of the instrument prior to any credit impairment.

3. Revised Policy Document on Financial Reporting

Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") had issued a Revised Policy Document on Financial Reporting and Financial Reporting on 2 February 2018 in which is applicable to all licensed banks, licensed investment bank and licensed Islamic banks in Malaysia. The issuance of this Revised Policy Document superseded previous guidelines issued by BNM previously namely Financial Reporting and Financial Reporting for Islamic Banking Institutions dated 5 February 2016 as well as Classification and Impairment Provisions for Loans / Financing dated 6 April 2015.

The key change in the Revised Policy Document is to maintain, in aggregate, loss allowance for non-credit-impaired exposures and regulatory reserves of no less than 1% of total credit exposures, net of loss allowance for credit-impaired exposures.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

4. Impact of MFRS 9

The following table shows the original measurement categories in accordance with MFRS 139 and the new measurement categories under MFRS 9 for the financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 April 2018.

Financial assets/liabilities	Original classification under MFRS 139	New Classification under MFRS 9	Original carrying amount under MFRS 139 RM'000	New carrying amount under MFRS 9 RM'000
Financial assets				
Cash and short term funds	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	3,616,844	3,616,421
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institution	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	639,783	639,520
Investment securities – debt securities	Available for sale	FVOCI	550,770	550,770
Loans, advances and financing	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	11,496,753	11,544,924
Derivative financial assets	FVTPL	FVTPL	554,223	554,223
Other assets	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	195,759	195,726
Statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	40,700	40,700
Financial liabilities				
Deposits from customers	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	11,151,646	11,151,646
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	2,327,691	2,327,691
Bills and acceptances payable	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	9,589	9,589
Derivative financial liabilities	FVTPL	FVTPL	538,844	538,844
Other liabilities	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	197,901	206,072

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

4. Impact of MFRS 9 (continued)

A reconciliation between the balances under MFRS 139 and MFRS 9 as at 1 April 2018, as follows:-

Statement of Financial Position	Original carrying amount under	Reclassification	Expected credit losses	New carrying amount under MFRS 9
	MFRS 139			
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets				
Cash and short term funds	3,616,844	-	(423)	3,616,421
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial				
institution	639,783	-	(263)	639,520
Debt instruments at FVOCI	-	550,770	-	550,770
Investment securities – debt securities	550,770	(550,770)	-	-
Loans, advances and financing	11,496,753	-	48,171*	11,544,924
Derivative financial assets	554,223	-	-	554,223
Other assets	195,759	-	(33)	195,726
Statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia	40,700	-	-	40,700
Plant and equipment	13,936	-	-	13,936
Tax recoverable	627	-	-	627
Total assets	17,109,395	-	47,452	17,156,847

^{*}Loans, advances and financing includes the impact of MFRS 9 Expected Credit Losses amounting to RM15.413 million and a reversal of Collective Impairment Provision of RM63.584 million under MFRS 139.

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

4. Impact of MFRS 9 (continued)

A reconciliation between the balances under MFRS 139 and MFRS 9 as at 1 April 2018, as follows:-

Statement of Financial Position	Original carrying amount under MFRS 139	Reclassification	Expected credit losses	New carrying amount under MFRS 9
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities				
Deposits from customers	11,151,646	-	-	11,151,646
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial				
institutions	2,327,691	-	-	2,327,691
Bills and acceptances payable	9,589	-	-	9,589
Derivative financial liabilities	538,844	-	-	538,844
Other liabilities	197,901	-	8,171	206,072
Deferred tax liabilities	26,531	-	9,392	35,923
Total liabilities	14,252,202	-	17,563	14,269,765
Equity				
Share capital	2,452,605	-	-	2,452,605
Reserves	404,588	-	29,889	434,477
Total equity attributable to owners of the Bank	2,857,193	-	29,889	2,887,082
Total liabilities and equity	17,109,395	-	47,452	17,156,847

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

5. Auditors' Report on Preceding Annual Financial Statements

The auditors' report on the audited annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2018 was not subject to any qualification.

6. Seasonal or Cyclical Factors

The business operations of the Bank have not been affected by any material seasonal or cyclical factors.

7. Unusual Items Due to Their Nature, Size or Incidence

The Bank has adopted MFRS 9 with effect from 1 April 2018. The first day impact resulting from the adoption of MFRS 9 is the write back of allowance for expected credit losses amounting to RM39.1 million, causing an increase in reserve. Apart from that, there were no unusual items affecting the assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows of the Bank in the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018.

8. Changes in Estimates

There was no material changes in estimates of amounts reported that have a material effect on the unaudited condensed interim financial statements in the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018.

9. Debt and Equity Securities

There were no issuance, cancellation, repurchase, resale and repayment of debt and equity securities in the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018.

10. Dividend

No dividend was paid during the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

11. Review of Performance

Quarterly Results to 30 September 2018

For the current quarter under review, the Bank registered a 25% decrease in Profit Before Taxation of RM49.1 million (FY17 Quarter 2: RM65.5 million) and a 27% decrease in Profit After Taxation of RM37.1 million (FY17 Quarter 2: RM50.1 million). One of the contributing factors for the profit reduction is the RM15.8 million increase in allowances for expected credit losses which was RM11.3 million in the current quarter compared to a write back of RM4.5 million in FY12 Quarter 2. This is the impact due to the adoption of MFRS 9 commenced on 1 April 2018. The decrease in Profit Before Taxation is also affected by the lower Other Operating Income of RM26.1 million in the second quarter (FY17 Quarter 2: RM42.8 million).

Half Yearly Results to 30 September 2018

The Bank recorded a significant improvement in performance by a having a Profit Before Taxation of RM112.5 million (half year ended 2017: RM100.9 million) and Profit After Taxation of RM84.8 million (half year ended 2017: RM77.1 million). The positive result was mainly attributed by the increase in Net Interest Income amounting to RM121.2 million (half year ended 2017: RM98.4 million). The aforesaid were offset by the increase in allowance for expected credit loss to RM4.2 million for the financial period ended 30 September 2018 (half year ended 2017: reversal of RM3.7 million). In addition, a 3.1% reduction in Other Operating Expenses for the period amounting to RM57.5 million (half year ended 2017: RM59.3 million) also contributed to the overall improved financial performance of the Bank.

Total Assets registered an increase of 16.7% amounting to RM19,974.6 million as at 30 September 2018. This was mainly due to the 16.7% increase in Loans, Advances and Financing amounting to RM13,415.0 million during the period in review. Total Liabilities registered an increase by 19.3% amounting to RM17,000.6 million, which is in line with increase in Deposits From Customers from RM11,151.6 million at the beginning of the financial year to RM13,035.8 million at the end of the period in review.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

12. Current Year Prospects

Allowance for expected credit losses is forecast to be reduced in the following quarter due to the improved credit risk in customers' loan portfolio.

The Malaysian economy recorded a lower gross domestic product ("GDP") growth of 4.5% in the second quarter ended 30 June 2018 compared to 5.4% in first quarter ended 31 March 2018. The slower growth was due to contractions in the mining and agriculture sectors. Following that, Bank Negara Malaysia had revised downwards its forecast for Malaysia's 2018 full year economic growth to 5.0% from 5.5-6.0% previously.

Economists continue to be positive on the domestic economy despite the change in the new ruling government after the 14th General Election in May 2018, underpinned by several factors, among others, the export growth, private investment and private consumption. The improving business and consumer sentiments are expected to drive private investment. While private consumption is expected to pick-up to be driven by higher disposable income following the replacement of the Goods and Services Tax ("GST") with the Sales and Services tax ("SST") in September 2018.

While the impact of economics and fiscal reforms by the new government remain to be seen, Malaysia is also subject to uncertainties from other external factors such as rising protectionism, trade tensions in major economies, geopolitical development and commodity price volatility as well as re-ignition of financial market volatility and rising debts levels in the global market. These may cause some volatility in the Malaysia financial market from time to time during the year.

The Bank remains cautiously optimistic, whilst awaiting the tabling of the Malaysia 2019 Federal Budget by the new government in November 2018. Notwithstanding, we are focused in achieving our business targets for the financial year ending 31 March 2019 with strategies in place to increase our presence, and to enhance processes with improved productivities and to continue to build up a portfolio with good profitability.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

13. Cash and Short-Term Funds

	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
Cash and balances with banks and other financial		
institution	74,374	80,061
Money at call and deposit placements maturing within		
one month	4,415,593	3,536,783
	4,489,967	3,616,844
Less: Allowance for ECL	(392)	
	4,489,575	3,616,844
Movement in ECL for Cash and Short-Term		
Funds		
As at 31 March 2018	_	_
Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Statements	423	-
1 April 2018, as restated	423	
Charges to income statement		
Increase/(Decrease) in ECL	(31)	
At end of financial period	392	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

14. Deposits and Placement with Banks and Other Financial Institutions

		30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
	Money at call and deposit placements maturing more		
	than one month	795,379	639,783
	Less: Allowance for ECL	(137)	-
		795,242	639,783
	Movement in ECL on Deposits and Placement		
	with Banks and Other Financial Institutions		
	As at 31 March 2018	-	-
	Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Statements	263	
	1 April 2018, as restated	263	-
	Charges to income statement	(126)	
	Increase/(Decrease) in ECL	<u>(126)</u> 137	
	At end of financial period	13/	<u>-</u>
15.	Debt Instruments at FVOCI		
		30	31
		September	March
		2018	2018
		RM'000	RM'000
	At fair value		
	Negotiable instruments of deposits	603,444	-
	Malaysian Government treasury bills	79,113	-
	Malaysian Government sukuk	20,028	<u>-</u>
		702,585	_

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

16. Investments Securities Available-for-Sale

		30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
	At fair value		
	Negotiable instruments of deposits	-	401,292
	Malaysian Government treasury bills	-	129,473
	Malaysian Government sukuk	-	20,005
			550,770
17.	Loans, Advances and Financing		
		30	31
		September	March
		2018	2018
		RM'000	RM'000
	(a) By type:		
	At amortised cost:		
	Overdraft	73,420	24,262
	Term loans		
	- Syndicated loans	1,160,588	897,646
	- Syndicated Islamic financing	207,457	116,173
	- Bridging loans	-	-
	- Factoring receivables	70,392	71,211
	- Other term loans	5,801,463	4,933,908
	- Other Islamic term financing	1,503,453	1,431,642
	Trade bills discounted	112,538	164,506
	Revolving credits	3,749,199	3,248,427
	Islamic revolving credit	747,862	672,562
	Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337
	Less: Allowance for ECL	(11,351)	((2,594)
	Less: Collective impairment provision	12 /15 021	(63,584)
	Net loans, advances and financing	13,415,021	11,496,753
	(b) By geographical distribution:		
	Malaysia	11,555,257	9,885,884
	Other countries	1,871,115	1,674,453
	Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
(c) By type of customer:		
Domestic non-bank financial institutions	3,918,434	3,365,088
Domestic business enterprises	9,474,139	8,159,917
Foreign entities	33,799	35,332
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337
(d) By interest rate sensitivity:		
Fixed rate		
- Other fixed rate loans	1,467,595	933,224
Variable rate		
- Cost-plus	3,863,642	3,455,220
- Other variable rates	8,095,135	7,171,893
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337
(e) By sector:		
Primary agriculture	50,046	-
Mining and quarrying	41,393	38,629
Manufacturing	3,491,628	3,205,237
Electricity, gas and water	1,038,139	969,335
Construction	77,294	41,942
Wholesale and retail trade, and restaurants and		
hotels	1,094,657	1,010,962
Transport, storage and communication	536,140	536,331
Finance, insurance, and business services	5,763,206	4,838,430
Real estate	941,052	911,469
Education, health and others	392,817	8,002
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
(f) By economic purposes:		
Purchase of securities	34,756	34,726
Purchase of non-residential property		
- Commercial complexes	204,656	202,015
Purchase of fixed assets other than land and		
building	578,365	212,913
Construction	665,191	688,435
Working Capital	7,417,314	6,277,521
Other purpose	4,526,090	4,144,727
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337
(g) By residual contractual maturity:		
Maturing within one year	5,092,580	4,722,617
One year to three years	3,631,051	2,927,555
Three years to five years	3,930,514	3,263,428
More than five years	772,227	646,737
Gross loans, advances and financing	13,426,372	11,560,337

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	30 September 2018			
	12 months ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) (Stage 3) RM'000	Total RM'000
(h) Change in gross Loans, Advances and Financing				
carrying amount				
As at 31 March 2018	-	-	-	-
Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Instruments	11,024,419	535,918	-	11,560,337
As at 1 April 2018, restated	11,024,419	535,918	-	11,560,337
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	260,726	(260,726)	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2)	(10,159)	10,159	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Loans, advances and financing derecognized during the period	(1,694,388)	(63,066)	-	(1,757,454)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	3,199,243	3,512	-	3,202,755
Other adjustments	396,579	24,155	-	420,734
Gross carrying amount at the end of period	13,176,420	249,952	-	13,426,372

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	30 September 2018			
	12 months ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) (Stage 3)	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(i) Movements in ECL on loans, advances and financing measured at amortised cost As at 31 March 2018	_	-	-	-
Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Instruments	54,494	9,090	-	63,584
As at 1 April 2018, restated	54,494	9,090	-	63,584
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	2,578	(2,578)	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Loans, advances and financing derecognized during the period	(1,102)	(568)	_	(1,670)
New loans, advances and financing originated or purchased	2,257	34	_	2,291
Changes due to change in credit risk	(3,207)	(1,193)	-	(4,400)
Changes in models/risk parameters	(47,986)	(468)	-	(48,454)
Total Provision at the end of period	7,034	4,317	-	11,351

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

17. Loans, Advances and Financing (Continued)

18.

	31 March 2018 RM'000	
(j) Movements in collective allowance for		
impairment on loans, advances and financing:		
At beginning of the financial period	76,417	
Allowance made during the financial period	(12,833)	
At end of financial period	63,584	
As % of gross loans, advances and financing		
(inclusive of regulatory reserve)	1.21%	
Other Assets		
	30	31
	September	March
	2018	2018
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest receivables	14,651	7,554
Amount due from related corporations/companies	4,763	124
Cash collateral placements	13,808	182,354
Other receivables	3,329	3,411
Deposits	2,023	2,000
Prepayments	582	316
	39,156	195,759
Less: Allowance for ECL	(2)	
	39,154	195,759
Movement in ECL for Other Assets		
As at 31 March 2018	-	-
Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Statements	33	-
1 April 2018, as restated	33	
Charges to income statement		
Increase/(Decrease) in ECL	(31)	-
At end of financial period	2	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

19. Deposits from Customers

	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
(a) By type of deposits:		
Demand deposits	2,318,685	2,019,719
Fixed deposits	6,452,397	5,843,075
Short-term deposits	4,264,708	3,288,852
	13,035,790	11,151,646
(b) By type of customers:		
Domestic non-bank financial institutions	434,024	481,458
Domestic business enterprises	7,288,370	5,893,506
Branch of immediate holding company	5,095,068	4,679,660
Foreign non-bank entities	217,467	96,192
Domestic other entities	861	830
	13,035,790	11,151,646
(c) Maturity structure of fixed deposits:		
Due within six months	1,454,381	1,105,912
Six months to one year	353,330	495,205
One year to three years	1,639,016	1,355,372
Three years to five years	2,323,823	2,329,397
Five years to ten years	327,653	305,749
Ten years and above	354,194	251,440
	6,452,397	5,843,075

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

20. Deposits and Placements of Banks and Other Financial Institutions

		30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
	Licensed Malaysian Bank Foreign banks	72,932	69,075
	- Immediate holding company	3,105,031 3,177,963	2,258,616 2,327,691
21.	Other Liabilities		
		30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
	Interest payable Amount due to related corporations/companies Cash collateral placement Other payables	27,127 29,730 223,750 31,487	14,851 13,039 122,129 34,249
	Accruals Allowance for ECL on commitments and	6,979	13,633
	contingencies	16,605 335,678	197,901
	Movement in allowance for ECL on commitments and contingencies		
	As at 31 March 2018 Effect of adopting MFRS 9 Financial Statements	- 8,171	-
	1 April 2018, as restated Charges to income statement	8,171	
	Increase/(Decrease) in ECL	8,434	
	At end of financial period	16,605	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

22. Interest Income

	2nd Quart	er Ended	Half year	y Ended		
	30	30	30	30		
	September	September	September	September		
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Loans, advances and						
financing						
- Interest income	94,473	65,816	177,029	128,734		
- Financing income	20,854	10,130	39,830	20,325		
Money at call and						
deposit placements						
with banks and other						
financial institutions	45,525	23,503	84,640	53,075		
Debt instrument at						
FVOCI	6,322	-	12,631	_		
Investment securities						
available-for-sale	-	5,914	-	11,938		
Others	-	199	8	286		
	167,174	105,562	314,138	214,358		
•						

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

23. Interest Expense

	2nd Quart	ter Ended	Half year	ly Ended
	30	30	30	30
	September	September	September	September
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits and				
placement of bank				
and other financial				
institutions	17,034	11,136	30,747	27,016
Deposits from				
customers	87,432	42,867	162,030	88,484
Debt instrument at				
FVOCI	61	-	136	-
Investment securities				
available-for-sale	-	155	-	318
Others	-	48	2	96
	104,527	54,206	192,915	115,914

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

24. Other Operating Income

	2nd Quar		•	rly Ended		
	30	30	30	30		
	September 2018	September 2017	September 2018	September 2017		
	RM'000	2017 RM'000	2018 RM'000	2017 RM'000		
Fee and commission						
income						
- Service charges/ fees	5	11	19	17		
- Guarantee fees	599	1,337	897	1,624		
- Loan related fees	3,350	10,418	6,794	13,086		
- Commitment fees	833	306	1,689	610		
- Communicatives	4,787	12,072	9,399	15,337		
	4,707	12,072		13,337		
Gain from derivative						
financial instruments	2,642	3,085	3,910	5,887		
		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Unrealised net loss on						
revaluation of						
derivatives	(2,477)	443	(2,403)	(2,988)		
Foreign exchange net						
gain	17,002	23,680	34,370	33,285		
Other income						
- Management fees	2,202	1,772	4,405	3,455		
- Rental of fixed	40-		0.4.4	4.040		
assets	497	544	914	1,049		
- Miscellaneous	1.500	1 170	2.275	2.060		
income	1,528	1,178	2,375	2,069		
	4,227	3,494	7,694	6,573		
	26,181	42,774	52,970	58,094		
	20,101	12,771	52,770	20,071		

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

25. Other Operating Expenses

	2nd Quart	ter Ended	Half yearly Ended		
	30	30	30	30	
	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000	
Personnel costs					
Salaries, allowance					
and bonuses	6,772	5,477	15,630	12,851	
Employees'					
provident fund	800	671	1,867	1,557	
Staff training					
expenses	65	99	261	155	
Other personnel					
expenses	889	835	1,773	2,510	
	8,526	7,082	19,531	17,073	
Establishment costs					
Rental of premises	164	448	1,146	895	
Depreciation	891	1,067	1,655	2,058	
Repair and					
maintenance	184	196	289	384	
Other establishment					
expenses	4,587	2,928	7,920	5,735	
	5,826	4,639	11,010	9,072	
Marketing expenses Advertisement and					
publicity	83	65	125	107	
Other marketing	03	03	123	107	
expenses	26	27	55	51	
1	109	92	180	158	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

25. Other Operating Expenses (Continued)

	2nd Quart	er Ended	Half year	ly Ended
	30	30	30	30
	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000
Administration and				
general expenses				
Guarantee fees	6,903	13,183	13,275	18,607
Auditors' remuneration				
- Statutory audit	61	76	123	123
- Other services	37	55	75	75
Professional fees	88	188	191	346
Communication				
expenses	100	58	208	193
Management fees	4,193	4,637	8,331	7,236
License fees and				
stamp duties	37	37	75	226
Non-executive directors' fees and				
allowances	144	153	297	310
Other administration and general				
expenses	2,441	2,892	4,229	5,949
	14,004	21,279	26,804	33,065
	28,465	33,092	57,525	59,368

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

26. Allowance for Expected Credit Losses

•	2nd Quart	ter Ended	Half yearly Ended			
	30	30	30	30		
	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000	September 2018 RM'000	September 2017 RM'000		
Loans, advances and						
financing	(654)	-	(4,062)	-		
Credit commitments		-		-		
and contingencies	12,014		8,435			
Other assets	(95)	-	(177)	-		
	11,265		4,194			

27. Allowance for Impairment on Loans, Advances and Financing

	2nd Quart	ter Ended	Half yearly Ended			
	30 September 2018 RM'000	30 September 2017 RM'000	30 September 2018 RM'000	30 September 2017 RM'000		
Collective impairment allowance made	<u>-</u>	(4,506)		(3,698)		

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

28. Credit Exposures to Connected Parties

The credit exposures of the Bank to connected parties, as defined by Bank Negara Malaysia's Guidelines on Credit Transactions and Exposures with Connected Parties' are as follows:-

	30	31
	September	March
	2018	2018
	RM'000	RM'000
Aggregate value of outstanding credit		
exposures to connected parties (RM'000)	1,665,363	882,538
As a percentage of total credit exposures	6.81%	4.07%

There are currently no exposures to connected parties which are classified as impaired.

29. Segmental Reporting on Revenue, Profit and Assets

Segmental reporting has not been prepared as there are no other segments other than the commercial banking segment.

30. Subsequent Events

There were no significant events subsequent to the statement of financial position date which have not been disclosed in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

31. Changes in the Composition of the Bank

There were no significant changes in the composition of the Bank during the second quarter and six months ended 30 September 2018.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

32. Use of Financial Instruments

Interest rate risk

The tables below summarise the Bank's financial instruments at carrying amounts, categorised by contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

	•		Non-tradii	ng book —					
30 September 2018	Up to 1 month RM'000	>1-3 months RM'000	>3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Non- interest bearing RM'000		Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets Cash and short-term funds Deposits and placements with banks and other financial	4,415,597	-	-	-	-	73,982		-	4,489,579
institutions	-	583,312	212,067	_	-	(137)	^	-	795,242
Debt instruments at FVOCI	402,225	201,219	99,141	-	-	_		_	702,585
Loans, advances and financing	6,885,862	6,146,182	394,328	-	-	(11,351)	٨	-	13,415,021
Derivative financial assets	-	-	49	2,800	-	-		461,621	464,470
Other assets	8,055	2,325	4,320	-	-	11,066		_	25,766
Statutory deposits with Bank									
Negara Malaysia		-	-	-	-	50,890		-	50,890
Total assets	11,711,739	6,933,038	709,905	2,800	-	124,540		461,621	19,943,554

[^] The negative balance represents allowance for ECL.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

32. Use of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	•		– Non-trac	ding book —				
30 September 2018	Up to 1 month RM'000	>1-3 months RM'000	>3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Non- interest bearing RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000
<u>Liabilities</u> Deposits from customers Deposits and placements of banks and other financial	3,208,492	1,974,695	890,086	3,961,997	681,846	2,318,674	-	13,035,790
institutions	1,439,694	1,511,203	128,552	94,471		4,043		3,177,963
Bills and acceptances payable	-	-	1,555	-	-	-	-	1,555
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	120		-	414,149	414,269
Other liabilities	4,027	4,362	30,562	5,929	325	278,316		323,521
Total liabilities	4,652,213	3,490,260	1,050,755	4,062,517	682,171	2,601,033	414,149	16,953,099
On balance sheet interest rate gap Off balance sheet interest rate	7,059,526	3,442,778 1,241,657	(340,850)	(4,059,717) (1,187,457)	(682,171)	(2,476,583)	47,472	2,990,455
gap Total interest rate gap	7,059,526	4,684,435	(395,050)	(5,247,174)	(682,171)	(2,476,583)	47,472	2,990,455
Total interest rate gap	1,033,320	4,004,433	(373,030)	(3,247,174)	(002,171)	(2,470,363)	41,412	4,770,433

(Company No. 926374-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

32. Use of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	•		— Non-tradi	ng book —					
31 March 2018	Up to 1 month RM'000	>1-3 months RM'000	>3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Non- interest bearing RM'000		Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets									
Cash and short-term funds	3,536,783	-	_	-	_	80,061		-	3,616,844
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial									
institutions	-	639,783	-	-	_	-		-	639,783
Investment securities available-									
for-sale	-	431,195	39,471	40,011	40,093	-		-	550,770
Loans, advances and financing	2,305,064	1,294,635	1,122,918	6,190,983	646,737	(63,584)	^	-	11,496,753
Other assets	3,424	2,605	1,535	-	-	3,965		-	11,529
Derivative financial assets	2,588	13	6	22,948	309	-		528,359	554,223
Statutory deposits with Bank									
Negara Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	40,700		-	40,700
Total assets	5,847,859	2,368,231	1,163,930	6,253,942	687,139	61,142	_	528,359	16,910,602

[^] The negative balance represents collective allowance for impairment on loans, advances and financing.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

32. Use of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	•		— Non-trad	ing book —				
31 March 2018	Up to 1 month RM'000	>1-3 months RM'000	>3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Non- interest bearing RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000
<u>Liabilities</u> Deposits from customers Deposits and placements of banks and other financial	2,153,958	1,261,183	1,474,827	3,684,763	557,188	2,019,727	-	11,151,646
institutions	984,774	1,100,936	145,180	93,899	-	2,902	-	2,327,691
Bills and acceptances payable Other liabilities	6,980	6,281	9,589 4,138	5,053	236	172,569	-	9,589 195,257
Derivative financial liabilities			8,167	4,109	49,259		477,309	538,844
Total liabilities	3,145,712	2,368,400	1,641,901	3,787,824	606,683	2,195,198	477,309	14,223,027
On balance sheet interest rate gap Off balance sheet interest rate	2,702,147	(169)	(477,969)	2,466,119	80,453	(2,134,056)	51,051	2,687,575
gap		858,399	(22,605)	(755,794)	(80,000)			
Total interest rate gap	2,702,147	858,230	(500,574)	1,710,325	453	(2,134,056)	51,051	2,687,575

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

32. Use of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	30 Septemb	er 2018	31 March 2018		
	MYR	USD	MYR	USD	
	%	%	%	%	
Financial assets					
Cash and short-term funds	3.30	2.31	3.26	1.91	
Deposits and placements with banks and					
other financial institutions	3.60	2.81	3.40	2.18	
Loans, advances and financing	4.54	3.27	4.47	2.94	
Financial liabilities					
Deposits from customers	3.71	2.36	3.70	2.04	
Deposits and placements of banks and	-				
other financial institutions		2.27	_	2.03	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

33. Capital Adequacy

The total capital and capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are computed based on the Standardised Approach in accordance with the Capital Adequacy Framework (Capital Components).

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are analysed as follows:

	30 September 2018	31 March 2018
	RM'000	RM'000
Tier-1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	2,452,605	2,452,605
Retained earnings	380,823	328,632
Statutory reserve	-	-
Available-for-sale reserve	1,343	366
	2,834,771	2,781,603
Less: Deferred tax assets		
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) and Tier-1 Capital	2,834,771	2,781,603
<u>Tier-2 capital</u>		
Collective allowance for impairment	28,644	63,584
Regulatory reserves	137,537	75,142
Tier-2 Capital	166,181	138,726
Total capital base	3,000,952	2,920,329
Capital ratios		
CET 1 and Tier 1 Capital Ratio	20.581%	22.498%
Total Capital Ratio	21.788%	23.620%

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

33. Capital Adequacy (Continued)

Breakdown of gross risk-weighted assets in the various categories of risk-weights are as follows:

	30 September 2018 RM'000	31 March 2018 RM'000
Credit risk	12,980,377	11,634,674
Market risk	310,746	296,185
Operational risk	482,589	432,769
Total risk-weighted assets	13,773,712	12,363,628

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

34. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, the Bank makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities with legal recourse to its customers. No material losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions.

The commitment and contingencies are as follows:

	← 30 September 2018 ← 31 March 2018						
		Credit	Risk-		Credit	Risk-	
	Principal	equivalent	weighted	Principal	equivalent	weighted	
	amount	amount*	assets	amount	amount*	assets	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Transaction related contingent items	679,983	339,991	330,074	489,289	244,644	238,904	
Short-term self-liquidating trade-related							
contingencies	323,930	64,786	64,786	281,079	56,216	56,216	
Foreign exchange related contracts:							
One year or less	11,566,347	355,911	180,924	12,316,700	445,427	259,135	
Over one year to five years	7,732,737	886,557	550,122	6,377,068	881,539	543,615	
Over five years	892,033	248,600	106,756	887,498	229,436	97,843	
Interest/ profit rate related contracts							
One year or less	58,800	1,281	596	63,605	800	384	
Over one year to five years	1,187,457	40,718	23,415	755,794	27,795	17,971	
Over five years	-	-	-	80,000	4,309	2,154	
Other commitments, such as formal standby							
facilities and credit lines, with an original							
maturity of over one year	4,763,185	2,381,593	2,343,628	4,949,487	2,474,744	2,423,583	
Other commitments, such as formal standby							
facilities and credit lines, with an original							
maturity of up to one year	654,495	130,899	120,969	728,307	145,661	127,128	
Total	27,858,967	4,450,336	3,721,270	26,928,827	4,510,571	3,766,933	

^{*} The credit equivalent amount and risk-weighted amount are arrived at using the credit conversion factor as per Bank Negara Malaysia Guidelines.

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MANAGEMENT'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the attached unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the financial period ended 30 September 2018 have been prepared from the Bank's accounting and other records and they are in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 134: Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board and the Revised Guidelines on Financial Reporting issued by Bank Negara Malaysia on 2 February 2018.

Yoshimi Gunji Chief Executive Officer

Date: 26 October 2018

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